DataShop Public API

A way to programmatically get and set data in DataShop

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1 API

This API is a list of methods for programmatically getting and (in the future) modifying DataShop data. The initial target is to provide enough functionality for getting transaction data with various parameters, and adding, modifying, and deleting custom-field data.

As of January 2010, we've implemented:

- Authentication
- Get Dataset Metadata
- Get Sample Metadata
- Get Transactions
- Get Student-Step Records

2 Note on format

Method Title

https://url/[?optional_section] URL to perform the action.

3 What is an ID?

The DataShop API expects you to reference various objects by "ID", a unique identifier for each dataset, sample, custom field, or transaction in the repository. The ID of any of these can be determined by performing a request to list the various items, which lists the IDs in the response. For example, a request for datasets will list the ID of each dataset in the "id" attribute of each dataset element.

4 Representational state transfer (REST)

The DataShop API design generally follows a "REST" approach to web services. In doing so, we've modeled DataShop as a collection of resources which can be retrieved and manipulated using HTTP. (See the "<u>RESTful Web Services</u>" section of Wikipedia's REST article.)

We do deviate from the REST approach slightly in one way: the DataShop web service ignores the type of HTTP method in each request. That means the service relies on unique URLs with verbs in them (e.g., "get" and "delete") instead of distinguishing requests from similar URLs by HTTP method (e.g., GET or DELETE).

4.1 HTTP Response Status Codes

DataShop Web Services will, in many cases, return an HTTP status code that you can use to determine how to analyze the body of the HTTP message. For example, if you know the HTTP response code was an error such as "401 Unauthorized", then you know that the content of the body of the message will be XML describing the error.

For a list of web services result codes and the HTTP status codes that appear with them, see Appendix A.

5 Authentication

Authentication is a process for identifying and verifying who is sending a request. To use DataShop web services, you need to identify yourself as the sender of each request. This is accomplished by sending a digital signature that is derived from a pair of public/private access keys.

Note: To use DataShop web services, you must first request access. Visit <u>http://pslcdatashop.web.cmu.edu/WebServicesCredentials</u> to read the User Agreement and request access. You will need to first register with DataShop if you haven't already.

Note: In addition to this documentation, consult the Java source of <u>the sample DataShop web services</u> <u>client</u> for code examples. See methods *signedRequest*, *encrypt*, and *httpTimestamp* in particular.

5.1 Access Credentials

Access credentials refers to your two access keys. You can retrieve or reset your access keys from DataShop's <u>Web Services Credentials</u> page.

Access Key ID

Your Access Key ID identifies you as the party responsible for service requests. Include it with each request you send to us.

Secret Access Key

Your Access Key ID has a Secret Access Key associated with it. Use your Secret Access Key to calculate a signature to include in requests to DataShop web services. Your Secret Access Key is a secret, and should be known only by you and DataShop. You should never include your Secret Access Key in your requests to DataShop web services. You should never email your Secret Access Key to anyone. It is important to keep your Secret Access Key confidential to protect your account.

5.2 Using your Access Credentials to Sign a Request

To authenticate to DataShop, you will:

- 1. Create a request
- 2. Create a specific type of message signature
- 3. Send the request and signature to DataShop Web Services

See Figure 1 – Authentication process.

DataShop Web Services will then:

- 1. Retrieve your Secret Access Key
- 2. Create the same type of signature
- 3. Compare the two signatures

If the two signatures match, the request is considered authenticated; if they fail to match, then the request fails authentication.





Step 1: Create a request

In this step, you create an HTTP request in your program which has a standard request line, a number of request headers, and an optional message body (some DataShop Web Services requests require a body while others are only a URL).

To authenticate, your request must contain the following request headers:

date authorization

Set "date" according to the *timestamp* format (see Table 1 - Contents of the string to sign).

You will set the value of "authorization" in Step 3, described below.

Step 2: Create a message signature

Each request you send must include an *HMAC-SHA* signature calculated with your Secret Access Key. <u>*HMAC-SHA*</u> is an industry-standard message authentication procedure that uses the <u>SHA-1</u> cryptographic hash function in combination with a secret key to create a message signature. DataShop uses it to verify the authenticity of your request.

The signature must be URL-encoded in UTF8. This signature will be included in the "authorization" header as described in Step 3.

The string you use to calculate the signature (the string to sign) is composed as follows:

method contentMD5 contentType timestamp path

Each line in the string to sign is separated by a line break. See Table 1 - Contents of the string to sign for a description of each line.

Note: See the Java source of <u>the sample DataShop web services client</u> for a code example.

Table 1 -	Contents	of the	string	to si	ign
-----------	----------	--------	--------	-------	-----

part of the string	description	example
method	the HTTP method used—GET, PUT, POST, or DELETE	GET
contentMD5	an MD5 hash of the message content if PUT or POST, an empty string if GET or DELETE	
contentType	MIME type of content if PUT or POST, an empty string if GET or DELETE	text/xml
timestamp	an HTTP date string (see httpTimestamp method below)	Tue, 20 Oct 2009 15:22:52 GMT
path	the portion of the request URL that is after "services" and before the first question mark ("?").	/datasets/1/samples/3

```
/**
 * Format for HTTP date strings.
 * @return format for HTTP date strings
 */
private String httpTimestamp() {
    if (httpDateFmt == null) {
        httpDateFmt = new SimpleDateFormat("EEE, dd MMM yyyy HH:mm:ss zzz");
        httpDateFmt.setTimeZone(TimeZone.getTimeZone("GMT"));
    }
    return httpDateFmt.format(new Date());
}
```

Finally, you must **URL-encode** the signature you've created in UTF-8 character encoding. This is the application/x-www-form-urlencoded MIME format. Your programming language may have a utility method that will perform this encoding for you. For reference, see the Java class java.net.URLEncoder, which you can use to perform UTF-8 URL-encoding in Java.

Step 3: Send the request and signature to DataShop Web Services

After calculating the signature and URL-encoding it, you can now attach it to the request.

Set the "authorization" header as follows, where *publicApiToken* is your public token and *signature* is the HMAC-SHA signature you create in Step 2. :

"DATASHOP " + publicApiToken + ":" + signature

For example:

DATASHOP OKLFETPSJZJJFSGR6D8E:wzXDj0%2BEY3iosiwcgH%2FsYktDZPM%3D%0D%0A

Note the space after "DATASHOP".

Send the complete request to DataShop Web Services.

5.2.1 Example

You want to retrieve a description of the first sample ("All Data") for the dataset with id "1".

The request line looks like this:

GET /services/datasets/1/samples/1 HTTP/1.1

The request body is empty.

You create a "date" header:

date: Tue, 20 Oct 2009 16:59:47 GMT

Then create the string to sign:

method: GET contentMD5: <empty> contentType: <empty> timestamp: Tue, 20 Oct 2009 16:59:47 GMT path: /datasets/1/samples/1

or

GET

Tue, 20 Oct 2009 16:59:47 GMT
/datasets/1/samples/1

Create the HMAC-SHA signature from the string to sign and URL-encode it in UTF-8:

wzXDj0%2BEY3iosiwcgH%2FsYktDZPM%3D%0D%0A

And with that, form the "authorization" header:

authorization: DATASHOP OKLFETPSJZJJFSGR6D8E:wzXDj0%2BEY3iosiwcgH%2FsYktDZPM%3D%0D%0A

The full request will then look like this:

GET /services/datasets/1/samples/1 HTTP/1.1
date: Tue, 20 Oct 2009 16:59:47 GMT
authorization: DATASHOP OKLFETPSJZJJFSGR6D8E:wzXDj0%2BEY3iosiwcgH%2FsYktDZPM%3D%0D%0A
accept: text/xml
user-agent: Java/1.6.0_13
host: https://pslcdatashop.web.cmu.edu
connection: keep-alive

6 Getting Data

6.1 Get Dataset Metadata

http://pslcdatashop.web.cmu.edu/services/datasets/[?id]

Get list of datasets matching the parameters, or information about a single dataset (if an id is specified).

6.1.1 Request Parameters

access

all, viewable or editable. Default is **viewable**. All means return all the datasets, those that are public, view, edit or private. Viewable means return datasets for projects on which you have "view" or "edit" privileges, in addition to public datasets. Editable means return only datasets for projects on which you have the "edit" privilege.

Note: If you request a single dataset *and* specify a value for the "access" parameter, DataShop will respect the access parameter. This will result in an empty set in the case that the dataset requested does not match the access parameter specified (e.g., you specified "access=editable" but the dataset is only viewable).

verbose

true or false. Default is **false**. False returns the simpler, less verbose description for each dataset (see directly below) while true returns the more verbose description for each dataset (see further below). A verbose response is only possible for datasets you can view or edit (i.e., not private datasets).

6.1.2 Response Fields

access is your level of access to the dataset. DataShop models each user's dataset access as either "public", "view", "edit", or "private".

- **public:** you and any other registered DataShop user can view the data
- view: you can view the data, create samples, add kc models, and add kc sets.
- edit: you can both view the data and modify metadata, add or modify papers and files, and add or modify custom fields.
- private: you cannot view the data nor edit anything about the dataset

number_of_samples is the total number of samples including those that are accessible and those that are not shared.

number_of_accessible_samples is the number of samples that you can access, ignoring private samples owned by others.

number_of_unique_steps is the number of unique steps, where uniqueness is defined as a step within a specific problem hierarchy (the curriculum location where the problem appears). The same step attempted by two students equals only one unique step.

Note: The order of datasets in the response XML is indeterminate.

6.1.3 Example request:

GET https:// pslcdatashop.web.cmu.edu/services/datasets/31

6.1.4 Example response on success:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<pslc datashop message result code="0" result message="Success.">
     <dataset id="31">
           <name>Pittsburgh Science of Learning Center Stoichiometry Study 1</name>
          <project>Stoichiometry Studies</project>
          <domain>Science</domain>
          <learnlab>Chemistry</learnlab>
          <pi>bleber</pi>
          <start date>2005-09-02</start date>
          <end date>2006-06-07</end date>
          <status>complete</status>
          <access>edit</access>
          <public>yes</public>
          <number_of_students>34</number_of_students>
          <number of unique steps>16453</number of unique steps>
           <number of steps>124882</number of steps>
          <number of transactions>245093</number of transactions>
           <number of samples>17</number of samples>
           <number of accessible samples>3</number of accessible samples>
           <number of kc models>4</number of kc models>
     </dataset>
```

</pslc_datashop_message>

6.1.5 Example response on error:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<pslc_datashop_message
result_code="-1"
result_message="Error. Dataset 31 is not valid." />
```

6.1.6 Example request (verbose)

GET https:// pslcdatashop.web.cmu.edu/services/datasets/31?verbose=true

6.1.7 Example verbose XML response (more metadata):

```
<curriculum>geometry 2005</curriculum>
<tutor></tutor>
<description></description>
<has_study_data>yes</has_study_data>
<hypothesis>Lorem ipsum</hypothesis>
<school>Wilkinsburg High School</school>
<additional notes> School demographics for 2005-6 unless noted otherwise.
   Converter Version 4.15
   Loaded to production on 4/15/08 by Kyle.
</additional notes>
<number of students>34</number of students>
<number of unique steps>16453</number_of_unique_steps>
<number_of_steps>124882</number_of_steps>
<number of transactions>245093</number of transactions>
<number of samples>17</number of samples>
<number of accessible samples>3</number of accessible samples>
<number of kc models>4</number of kc models>
<kc_model id="25">
   <name>Automatic-Model</name>
   <number of kcs>456</number of kcs>
   <observations with kcs>470117</observations with kcs>
   <logistic_regression_model_status>unable to run
    </logistic regression model status>
   <cross_validation_status>unable to run</cross_validation_status>
</kc_model>
<kc model id="32">
   <name>Single-KC</name>
   <number of kcs>1</number of kcs>
   <observations with kcs>126057</observations with kcs>
   <number of parameters>10</number of parameters>
   <logistic regression model status>complete
    </logistic regression model status>
   <aic>142117.54</aic>
   <bic>142468.24</bic>
   <log likelihood>-2759.55</log likelihood>
   <cross validation status>complete</cross validation status>
   <cross validation rmse>0.3457</cross validation rmse>
   <cross_validation_number_of_observations>126056</cross_validation_number</pre>
   of observations>
   <cross_validation_number_of_parameters>10</cross_validation_number_of_pa</pre>
   rameters>
</kc model>
<kc_model id="14">
   <name>Unique-step</name>
   <number_of_kcs>9157</number_of_kcs>
   <observations with kcs>0</observations with kcs>
   <number of parameters>18314</number of parameters>
   <logistic regression model status>not scheduled to run
    </logistic regression model status >
   <cross validation status>not scheduled to run</cross validation status>
</kc model>
```

```
</dataset>
</pslc_datashop_message>
```

6.2 Get Sample Metadata

https://pslcdatashop.web.cmu.edu/services/datasets/[id]/samples/[?id] Get the list and descriptions of samples matching the parameters.

6.2.1 Request Parameters

access

viewable or editable. Default is **viewable**. Viewable means return only samples you can view. Editable means return only samples you own and can therefore edit.

Note: If you request a single sample *and* specify a value for the "access" parameter, DataShop will respect the access parameter. This will result in an empty set in the case that the sample requested does not match the access parameter specified (e.g., you specified "access=editable" but the sample is only viewable).

verbose

true or false. Default is **false**. False returns the simpler, less verbose description for each sample (see directly below) while true returns the more verbose description for each sample (see further below), including a description of each filter in each sample.

6.2.2 Example request:

GET https://pslcdatashop.web.cmu.edu/services/datasets/422/samples/37

6.2.3 Example XML response for a sample query:

6.2.4 Example verbose XML response for a sample query:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<pslc_datashop_message result_code="0" result_message="Success.">
<sample id="37">
<name>CWCTC-GeoArea06-07</name>
<description>Just the CWCTC students on the area units (GEO-
PA)</description>
<owner>aleven</name>
<number_of_transactions>350384</number_of_transactions>
<filter>
<column>School Name</column>
<operator>=</column>
<filter_text>cwctc</filter_text>
</filter>
</sample>
</pslc_datashop_message>
```

6.2.5 Example response on error:

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?> <pslc_datashop_message result_code="-4" result_message="Error. Sample 37 is not valid for dataset 422." />

6.3 Get Transactions

https://pslcdatashop.web.cmu.edu/services/datasets/[id]/[?samples/id]/transactions Returns zero or more transaction records in tab-delimited form, optionally zipped. If a sample is not

specified, then the "All Data" sample is returned.

See "Interacting with Cached Data" note below.

6.3.1 Request Parameters

zip

true or false. Default is **false**. If true, transaction data is zipped.

cols

Optional list of column names, comma-delimited. Default is to **include all columns**. See Table 2 -Transaction columns below for the list of column values to choose from. To specify whether or not to include custom-field columns, use the **cfs** parameter.

cfs

all or none. Default is **none**. Optionally specify whether to include all custom fields or none. (A future release of web services will support requesting a subset of custom fields by specifying a comma-delimited list of custom-field IDs).

headers

true or false. Default is **true**. Optionally specify whether a header row should be included in the output. If false, a header row is omitted.

limit

Maximum number of transactions to retrieve. Default is **100**, maximum is 5,000.

offset

From the beginning of the data, the number of transaction rows to skip. Default is **0**. For example, an offset of 0 would return rows starting with the 1st row, while an offset of 100 would return rows starting with the 101st row. Loop through transactions in batches by combining offset and limit. For example, to get rows in batches of 100, request **offset=0&limit=100** in the first iteration of the loop, which will return rows 1-100. Then in the next iteration of the loop, request **offset=100&limit=100**, which will return rows 101-200.

6.3.2 Example request (tab-delimited format, subset of columns):

GET

https://pslcdatashop.web.cmu.edu/services/datasets/114/samples/21/transactions?cols=row,anon_ student_id,session_id,time,duration,student_response_type,tutor_response_type,problem_name,ste p_name,attempt_at_step,outcome,selection,input,feedback,kcs

6.3.3 Example response:

See Table 4 - Example tab-delimited transaction data.

6.3.4 Example response on error:

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?> <pslc_datashop_message result_code="-7" result_message="Error. Invalid column: feedbacks." />

Interacting with Cached Data

DataShop maintains a cached export file for each sample, which is used to provide data when you request it. Due to changes made in the web application or more data being logged, the cached file can fall out-of-date with what is available in the DataShop database. When this happens, a request for the sample will return an error stating that the cached file is not yet available. DataShop will then start caching the sample (if it hasn't already). You should try your request again after some time has passed. The amount of time needed for caching varies between a few minutes and a few hours, depending on the size of the sample.

Table 2 - Transaction columns

Column name in request	Column(s) contained in response	Data type	Notes on value
row	Row	numeric	
anon_student_id	Anon Student Id	string	
session_id	Session Id	string	
time	Time	date	yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss
time_zone	Time Zone	string	Possibly empty
duration	Duration (sec)	numeric	Null values are represented with a dot (".")
student_response_type	Student Response Type	string	Possibly empty
student_response_subtype	Student Response Subtype	string	Possibly empty
tutor_response_type	Tutor Response Type	string	Possibly empty
tutor_response_subtype	Tutor Response Subtype	string	Possibly empty
problem_hierarchy	Problem Hierarchy	string	
problem_name	Problem Name	string	
step_name	Step Name	string	Possibly empty
attempt_at_step	Attempt At Step	numeric	Possibly empty if step name not provided in data.
outcome	Outcome	string	Possibly empty
selection	Selection	string	
action	Action	string	
input	Input	string	
feedback	Feedback Text, Feedback Classification	string, string	Both possibly empty
help_level	Help Level	string	Possibly empty
total_num_hints	Total # Hints	numeric	Possibly empty
condition	Condition Name, Condition Type These two columns will appear for each condition that applies to the student (there may be more than one).	string, string	Possibly empty
kcs	KC(KC Model Name) Includes all KCs for all models. One column per KC per model. Multiple columns per KC model in the case where more than one KC is associated with the transaction.	string	Possibly empty
school	School	string	Possibly empty
class	Class	string	Possibly empty

Note: For more documentation on these columns and the semantics of the format, see the <u>Import File</u> <u>Verification Tool documentation</u> and <u>Export By Transaction</u> as documented in the DataShop web application.

Table 3 – Custom field columns included when the "cfs" parameter is 'all'

Column name	Description	Data type	Notes on value
CF(Custom Field Name)	A single column per custom field	variable	
	requested.		

Table 4 -	Example	tab-delimited	transaction	data
-----------	---------	---------------	-------------	------

Row	Anon Student Id	Session Id	Time	Duration (sec)	Student Response Type	Tutor Response Type	Problem Name	Step Name
1	D8DD5	D8DD5- Jan07-15- 12-09	2008- 01-07 15:12:1 8.0		АТТЕМРТ	RESULT	CHARGE1A	(CHOOSE- ANSWER MC-1 1)
2	D8DD5	D8DD5- Jan07-15- 12-09	2008- 01-07 15:12:4 5.0	27	ΑΤΤΕΜΡΤ	RESULT	CHARGE1A	(CHOOSE- ANSWER MC-2 2)

Attempt At Step	Outcome	Selection	Input	Feedback Text	Feedback Classification	KC(Default)	KC(Unique-step)
1	CORRECT	MC-1	1			SELECT-MC- ANSWER	KC1797
1	CORRECT	MC-2	2			SELECT-MC- ANSWER	KC1241

6.4 Get Student-Step Records

http://pslcdatashop.web.cmu.edu/services/datasets/[id]/[?samples/id]/steps

Returns zero or more student-step records in tab-delimited format, optionally zipped. If a sample is not specified then the "All Data" sample is returned.

See "Interacting with Cached Data" note above.

6.4.1 Request Parameters

zip

true or false. Default is **false**. If true, the data is zipped.

cols

Optional list of column names, comma-delimited. Default is to **include all columns**. See Table 5 – Student-step columns below for the list of column values.

cfs [coming soon]

all, none, [ids]. Default is **all**. Optionally specify whether to include all, none, or some custom fields. If all, include all custom fields. If none, no custom fields are included. If a comma-delimited list of ids, then the specified custom fields are included, e.g. cfs=123,456.

kcms

all or none. Default is **all**. Optionally specify whether to include all KC models or none. If all, include all KC models. If none, no KC models are included. See Table 7 below for list of columns included with each KC model. (A future release of web services will support requesting a subset of KC models by specifying a comma-delimited list of KC model IDs).

headers

true or false. Default is **true**. Specify whether a header row should be included in the output. If false, a header row is omitted.

limit

Maximum number of student-step rows to retrieve. Default is **100**, maximum is 5,000.

offset

From the beginning of the data, the number of student-step rows to skip. Default is **0**. For example, an offset of 0 would return rows starting with the 1st row, while an offset of 100 would return rows starting with the 101st row. Loop through rows in batches by combining offset and limit. For example, to get rows in batches of 100, request **offset=0&limit=100** in the first iteration of the loop, which will return rows 1-100. Then in the next iteration of the loop, request **offset=100&limit=100**, which will return rows 101-200.

6.4.2 Example request (subset of columns):

GET

https://pslcdatashop.web.cmu.edu/services/datasets/114/samples/21/steps?cols=row,anon_student _id,condition,problem_hierarchy,problem_name,step_name,step_duration,first_attempt&kcms=all

6.4.3 Example response:

See Table 7 - Example tab-delimited step data.

6.4.4 Example response on error:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<pslc_datashop_message
result_code="-7"
result_message="Error. Invalid column: time_zones." />
```

Table 5 – Student-step columns

Column name in request	Column(s) contained in response	Data type	Notes on value
row	Row	numeric	
anon_student_id	Anon Student Id	string	
problem_hierarchy	Problem Hierarchy	string	
	Single column (different than Get		
	Transactions).		
problem_name	Problem Name	string	
problem_view	Problem View	numeric	
step_name	Step Name	string	
step_start_time	Step Start Time	date	yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss
first_transaction_time	First Transaction Time	date	"
correct_transaction_time	Correct Transaction Time	date	"
step_end_time	Step End Time	date	"
step_duration	Step Duration (sec)	numeric	Null values are
			represented with a
			dot (".")
correct_step_duration	Correct Step Duration (sec)	numeric	Null values are
			represented with a
			dot (".")
error_step_duration	Error Step Duration (sec)	numeric	Null values are
			represented with a
<u> </u>			dot (".")
first_attempt	First Attempt	string	Possibly empty
incorrects	Incorrects	numeric	Possibly empty
hints	Hints	numeric	Possibly empty
corrects	Corrects	numeric	Possibly empty
condition	Condition	string	
	In the case of a student assigned to multiple		
	conditions (factors in a factorial design),		
	condition names are separated by a comma		
	and space. This differs from the format in Get		
	Transactions.		

Note: For more documentation on these columns and the semantics of the format, see <u>Student-Step</u> <u>Rollup</u> as documented in the DataShop web application..

Table 6 – KC model columns included when requested using the "kcms" parameter

Column name	Description	Data type	Notes on value
KC(KC Model Name)	In the case of multiple KCs assigned to a single step, KC names are separated by two tildes ("~~").	string	Possibly empty
Opportunity(KC Model Name)	Opportunity number for the listed KC(s). In the case of multiple KCs assigned to a single step, opportunity number values are separated by two tildes ("~~") and are given in the same order as the KC names.	numeric	Possibly empty
Predicted Error Rate(KC Model Name)	Predicted error rate for the listed KC(s). In the case of multiple KCs assigned to a single step, predicted error rate values are separated by two tildes ("~~") and are given in the same order as the KC names.	numeric	Possibly empty

Note: For each KC model, the three columns listed in the above table will appear in the output.

Important: The format of the KC model columns returned by web services Get Student-Step Records is different from the format of these columns in the web application and from the Get Transactions web service. In the web application's current step format, multiple KCs associated with a step results in **multiple rows**. In the web services version, multiple KCs are contained in a **single value** and delimited with two tildes ("~~"), resulting in a single row for the student-step. The same rule is applied to the Opportunity and Predicted Error Rate columns.

Table 7 - Example tab-delimited step data

Row	Anon Student	Id Condition	Problem H	ierarchy	Problem Name	Step Na	me	Step Duration (sec)	First Attempt
1	D8DD5	а	Unit 1, Sec	ion 2	CHARGE1A	(CHOOS ANSWEI 1)	E- R MC-1	5	correct
2	D8DD5	а	Unit 1, Sec	tion 2	CHARGE1A	(CHOOS ANSWEI 2)	E- R MC-2	27	correct
KC(De	fault)	Opportunity(Defa	ult) Predi	cted Frror	VC(Unique sto		Opportug	itu(Unique	
			Rate(Default)	KC(Unique-ste)	þJ	step)	nty(Unique-	Rate(Unique-step)
SELECT ANSWE THEOR	MC- ER~~APPLY- EM	4~~3	0.553	Default)	KC1797	pj	step)	nty(Unique-	0.876

7 External Analyses

DataShop supports adding and deleting external analyses via web services or the web application. An external analysis is a file attached to a dataset that describes the result of an analysis on that data. In addition to the file itself, which can be of any type, the analysis also has a required title and optional fields for a description, statistical model used, and relevant KC model.

7.1 Access and ownership

A DataShop user may add an external analysis to a dataset in a project that they have "edit" access to. "Edit" access currently means the user can edit dataset metadata and upload files, papers, and external analyses. The other type of access is "view" access.

To view a list of external analyses or to retrieve the content of a single analysis, the user must have "view" or "edit" access.

An external analysis has an owner, the user who created it. Only the owner of an external analysis or a DataShop administrator can delete the external analysis (or modify it in the web application). To delete an external analysis, the user must be both the owner of that analysis and have "edit" access.

7.2 Add External Analysis

https://pslcdatashop.web.cmu.edu/services/datasets/[id]/analyses/add

Add and describe a new external analysis. An ID is assigned by DataShop after a successful add, and is returned in the response XML. This ID can be used in other operations that reference it. This service expects text content only; binary files can be added through the web application. For the purposes of displaying in the web application, DataShop will generate a file name for the text content added through this service.

7.2.1 Request POST Parameters

The body of the request

Required. The analysis text to be stored. Since the entire body of the request will be treated as the analysis, any parameters must be passed as part of the request URL.

title

Required. Name for the analysis. Must be no more than 255 characters.

description

Description of the analysis. Must be no more than 500 characters.

kc_model

Valid ID of a KC model for this dataset. KC model IDs can be obtained from a verbose request for dataset metadata.

statistical_model

Statistical model used in the generation of this analysis. Must be no more than 100 characters.

7.2.2 Example request:

PUT https://pslcdatashop.web.cmu.edu/services/datasets/123/analyses/add?title= Bayesian%20Knowledge%20Tracing%20model%20with%20cross-validation&kc_model=7

7.2.3 Example request using sample DataShop web services client:

C:\DS_webservices_java1.5>java -jar dist/datashop-webservices.jar

"https://pslcdatashop.web.cmu.edu/services/datasets/76/analyses/add?title=Demo%20Title" externalAnalysisFile *name_of_file*

7.2.4 Example response on success:

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?> <pslc_datashop_message result_code="0" result_message="Success." analysis_id="3" />

7.2.5 Example response on error:

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?> <pslc_datashop_message result_code="-8" result_message="Error. Required field(s) missing: title." />

7.3 Get External Analyses Metadata

https://pslcdatashop.web.cmu.edu/services/datasets/[id]/analyses Get a listing of external analyses with metadata for the specified dataset.

7.3.1 Request Parameters

None.

7.3.2 Example request to get all external analyses:

GET https://pslcdatashop.web.cmu.edu/services/datasets/388/analyses

7.3.3 Example response on success:

7.3.4 Example response on error:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<pslc_datashop_message
result_code="-1"
result_message="Error. Dataset ID 45 is not valid." />
```

7.4 Get External Analysis

https://pslcdatashop.web.cmu.edu/services/datasets/[id]/analyses/[id] Get an external analysis, identified by its ID. Returns the contents of the file.

7.4.1 Parameters

None.

7.4.2 Example request to get an external analysis: GET https://pslcdatashop.web.cmu.edu/services/datasets/42/analyses/3

7.4.3 Example response :

DATASETID:	76		
DATE:	2012-06-04 10:42	2:46	
KC MODEL:	ANY		
MODEL:	Rasch		
MODEL SETUP:	<pre>lme4, all defaul</pre>	lts	
COMPUTED BY:	R		
Data points:	5388		
loglikelihood	: -2750.70090		
AIC:	5507.40180		
BIC:	5527.17759		
RMSE:	0.39183		
A':	0.77800		
10-FOLD CROSS	-VALIDATED RMSE	USER-STRATIFIED:	0.41557
10-FOLD CROSS	-VALIDATED RMSE	STEP-STRATIFIED:	0.43114
10-FOLD CROSS	-VALIDATED RMSE	UN-STRATIFIED:	0.40701
10-FOLD CROSS	-VALIDATED A' US	SER-STRATIFIED:	0.68308
10-FOLD CROSS	-VALIDATED A' ST	<pre>FEP-STRATIFIED:</pre>	0.58122
10-FOLD CROSS	-VALIDATED A' UN	N-STRATIFIED:	0.72249
• • •			

7.5 Delete External Analysis

https://pslcdatashop.web.cmu.edu/services/datasets/[id]/analyses/[id]/delete

Remove an external analysis. You must both have "edit" access to the dataset and be the owner of the external analysis.

No request parameters. No request text content; URL serves as the space for the parameters.

7.5.1 Example request to delete an external analysis:

DELETE https://pslcdatashop.web.cmu.edu/services/datasets/42/analyses/3/delete

7.5.3 Example response on error:

Appendix A

All Possible Result Codes

Result	HTTP Status Code	Description	Services that could
Code			return this result code
0	200 OK	Success. [Optional message]	All
-1	404 Not Found	Error. Dataset [id] is not valid.	All
-2	403 Forbidden	Error. Dataset [id] is not accessible.	All
-3	404 Not Found	Error. Sample [id] is not valid for dataset	Get Samples, Get
		[id].	Transactions, Get
			Student-Steps, Get
			Custom Field Data
-4	401 Unauthorized	Error. Sample [id] is not accessible for	Get Samples, Get
		dataset [id].	Transactions, Get
			Student-Steps, Get
			Custom Field Data
-5	400 Bad Request	Error. Invalid request parameter:	All
		[parameter].	
-6	400 Bad Request	Error. Invalid value for parameter	All
		[param]: [value].	
-7	400 Bad Request	Error. Invalid column: [column].	Get Transactions, Get
			Student-Steps
-8	400 Bad Request	Error. Required field(s) missing: [fields].	Add external analysis,
			Add Custom Field,
			Modify Custom Field
			Name, Modify Custom
			Field description, Set
			Custom Field
-9	404 Not Found	Error. [External analysis / Custom Field]	Get/delete external
		[id] is not valid for dataset [id].].	analysis, All Custom
			Field services
-10	400 Bad Request	Error. Invalid data.	Add external analysis,
			Set Custom Field
-11	404 Not Found	Error. No custom field data found.	Delete Custom Field
-12	401 Unauthorized	Error. Insufficient privileges to delete	Delete external
		external analysis [id]. You are not the	analysis, Delete Custom
		owner	Field
-13	409 Conflict	Error. Custom field with name [name]	Add Custom Field
		already exists for this dataset.	
-14	404 Not Found	Error. [Transactions/Student-steps]	Get Transactions, Get
	-	cache file for sample [N] [does not exist	Student-Steps
		/ is out-of-date]. Caching process is	I
		starting. Try again later.	
-15	400 Bad Request	Error. Parameter [parameter] must be	Add external analysis

		no more than [N] characters.	
-99 404 Not Found		Error. No web service found matching	All
		the URL. For a list of valid URLs, see	
		http://pslcdatashop.org/api/	
-100	500 Internal Server	Unknown error.	All
	Error		
-101	401 Unauthorized	Authorization failed. Check your	All
		credentials.	
-102	406 Not Acceptable	This content is available only as [content	All
		type].	
-103	405 Method Not	Operation not supported.	All
	Allowed	(Note to reader: this is for unsupported	
		PUT/POST/DELETE methods.)	
-104	405 Method Not	[Method] requests not supported.	All
	Allowed	(Note to reader: this is for methods	
		head, options, etc.)	

Appendix B

Revision History

Revision	Date Released			
Revision 0.23	October 11, 2012			
Added section "External Analyses" and updated the result codes table.				
Revision 0.22	December 17, 2010			
Added new cross-validation elements and number of parameters to example XML for Get dataset metadata (verbose). Also changed element "Ifa_status" to "logistic_regression_model_status" in the same section.				
Revision 0.21	June 29, 2010			
Added "domain" element to <i>Get Dataset Metadata</i> examples as web services now include a "domain" element (if it's set) in addition to "learnlab".				